## Problem CYCLING2: Cycling 2

Andreas and Michael are very ambitious amateur cyclists. They keep telling me that in a group of cyclists, alternating who is leading may save energy or even let the group cycle faster. Out of curiousity I looked up the formula behind that effect.
The speed $V_{\text {group }}$ of a group of $X$ persons is determined as follows: $V_{\text {group }}=W^{\sqrt{X}} \cdot V_{\text {slowest }}$, where $V_{\text {slowest }}$ is the speed of the slowest cyclist in the group and $W$ is a given wind factor.
Given the speed of each of $N$ cyclists as well as the wind factor $W$, can you calculate for me the speed of the fastest possible subgroup that can be formed?

## Input

The input starts with one line containing $N$ and $W(1<N<100000 ; 1.0 \leq W \leq 1.2)$ where $N$ is the total number of cyclists and $W$ the wind factor as described above. The second line contains $N$ integers specifying the speeds of every single cyclist each between 1 and 10000 , inclusive.

## Output

Print the speed of the fastest possible group. Your output must have an absolute or relative error of up to $10^{-5}$.

## Sample Input 1

51.2

88881000083348334123

## Sample Input 2

31.023

424242

## Sample Input 3

51
7327141

## Sample Output 1

12001

## Sample Output 2

43.6872

## Sample Output 3

32